

Conforms to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), Annex II, as amended by Commission Regulation (EU) 2015/830

SAFETY DATA SHEET

DOMESTOS REGULAR

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Product name : DOMESTOS REGULAR

Product code : 68180623

Product description : Hygienic multipurpose cleaner

Product type : liquid

Other means of identification : Not available.

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses

Consumer uses

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Unilever Vietnam International Co. Ltd,

Lot A2-3, Tay Bac Cu Chi Industrial Zone Cu Chi District,

Hochiminh City,

Vietnam.

Phone number: 08-3823665

e-mail address of person : Not applicable

responsible for this SDS

National contact

Importer is The BB partnership, 59 Victoria St, McMahons Point NSW

1.4 Emergency telephone number

National advisory body/Poison Center

Telephone number : National poisons Hotline: 131 126

<u>Supplier</u>

Telephone number : Not applicable

Hours of operation : -

Information limitations : Not available.

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Product definition : Mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Met. Corr. 1 H290 Skin Corr./Irrit. 1 H314 Aquatic Acute 1 H400 Aquatic Chronic 2 H411

The product is classified as hazardous according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 as amended.

Ingredients of unknown toxicity : Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown

toxicity: 0 %

Ingredients of unknown

ecotoxicity

Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown

hazards to the aquatic environment: 0 %

See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

2.2 Label elements

Hazard pictograms :

Signal word : Danger

Hazard statements : May be corrosive to metals.

Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

Very toxic to aquatic life.

Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements

General : P102 Keep out of reach of children.

Prevention: P234 Keep only in original packaging.

P280 Wear protective gloves and eye/face protection.

P273 Avoid release to the environment.

Response : P301 IF SWALLOWED:

P330 Rinse mouth.

P331 Do NOT induce vomiting. P303 IF ON SKIN (or hair):

P361 Take off immediately all contaminated clothing.

P353 Rinse skin with water [or shower].

P305 IF IN EYES:

P351 Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes.

P338 Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue

rinsing.

P391 Collect spillage.

P310 Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.

Storage : Not applicable.

Disposal: Dispose of used up container in accordance with local regulations.

Hazardous ingredients : sodium hypochlorite, solution 95% Cl active

Sodium hydroxide

Supplemental label elements : Warning! Do not use together with other products. May release

dangerous gases (chlorine).

Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles Not applicable.

Special packaging requirements

Containers to be fitted with child-resistant fastenings Tactile warning of danger

Yes, applicable.

iger : Yes, applicable.

2.3 Other hazards

Substance meets the criteria for PBT according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII Substance meets the criteria for vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII

Not applicable.

Not applicable.

Other hazards which do not result in classification

Warning! Do not use together with other products. May release dangerous gases (chlorine).

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture : Mixture

Product/ingredient name	Identifiers	%	Classification Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]	Туре
sodium hypochlorite, solution 95% Cl active	RRN: 01- 2119488154-34 EC: 231-668-3 CAS: 7681-52-9 Index: 017-011- 00-1	>=3 - <5	Aquatic Acute 1, H400 M: 10 Skin Corr./Irrit. 1B, H314 EUH031 -, EUH031 5 - 100 % Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 M: 1 Eye Dam./Irrit. 1, H318	[1][2]

Sodium hydroxide	RRN: 01- 2119457892-27 EC: 215-185-5 CAS: 1310-73-2 Index: 011-002- 00-6	>=1 - <=3	Skin Corr./Irrit. 1A, H314 5 - 100 % Skin Corr./Irrit. 2, H315 0.5 - 2 % Eye Dam./Irrit. 2, H319 0.5 - 2 % Skin Corr./Irrit. 1B, H314 2 - 5 % Eye Dam./Irrit. 1, H318 2 - 100 %	[1][2]
Cocamine Oxide	EC: 273-281-2 CAS: 68955-55-5	>=1 - <=3	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Skin Corr./Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Dam./Irrit. 1, H318 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411	[1]

Type

- [1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard
- [2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit
- [3] Substance meets the criteria for PBT according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII
- [4] Substance meets the criteria for vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII
- [5] Substance of equivalent concern

See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8. For confidentiality reasons, the levels of components listed in Section 3 are given in percentage bands. The bandings do not reflect potential variation in composition of this formulation, but are used simply to mask the exact component levels, which we consider to be proprietary information. The classification given in Section 2 and 15 reflects the exact composition of this mixture.

* exempted according to REACH Art. 2(7) and Annex V; Each starting material of the ionic mixture is registered, if required

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

Eye contact

: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician.

Inhalation

Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Skin contact: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or

physician. Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes

thoroughly before reuse.

Ingestion : Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or

physician. Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any.

Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position

comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Protection of first-aiders

No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact : Causes serious eye damage.

Inhalation : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Skin contact : Causes severe burns.

Ingestion: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Eye contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain watering redness

Inhalation : No specific data.

Skin contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation

redness

blistering may occur

Ingestion : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

stomach pains

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to physician : Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist

immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

Specific treatments : No specific treatment.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media Unsuitable extinguishing media Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.

None known.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Hazards from the substance or mixture

: In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst. This material is very toxic to aquatic life. This material is toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.

Hazardous thermal decomposition products

 Decomposition products may include the following materials: metal oxide/oxides

5.3 Advice for firefighters

Special protective actions for fire-fighters

: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters

Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Clothing for fire-fighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to European standard EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

: Not available.

Additional information

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders

: If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

6.2 Environmental precautions

Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities. Collect spillage.

6.3 Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Small spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-

Large spill

insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Absorb spillage to prevent material damage. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Absorb spillage to prevent material damage. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product.

6.4 Reference to other sections

See Section 1 for emergency contact information.
 See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment.
 See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures

: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid release to the environment. If during normal use the material presents a respiratory hazard, use only with adequate ventilation or wear appropriate respirator. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Keep away from acids. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container. Absorb spillage to prevent material damage.

Advice on general occupational hygiene

Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store in a corrosion resistant container with a resistant inner liner. Store locked up. Separate from acids. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

Seveso III Directive - Reporting thresholds

Named substances

14	med substances		
	Name	Notification and MAPP threshold	Safety report threshold
Ī	sodium hypochlorite, solution 95% Cl active	200 t	500 t

Danger criteria

Category	Notification and MAPP threshold	Safety report threshold
Mixtures of sodium hypochlorite classified as Aquatic Acute Category 1 (H400) containing less than 5% active	200 t	500 t
chlorine		

7.3 Specific end use(s)

Recommendations Industrial sector specific Not available.Not available.

solutions

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Product/ingredient name	Exposure limit values
Sodium hydroxide	UK. Health and Safety Commission, EH 40, Workplace exposure
	limits(1997-01-01) Short-term exposure limit (STEL). A limit value
	beyond which there should be no exposure and which refers to a
	period of fifteen minutes, unless otherwise stated. 2 mg/m3

Recommended monitoring procedures

If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

DNEL/DMEL Summary

Not available.

PNEC Summary

Not available.

8.2 Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls

: If user operations generate dust, fumes, gas, vapor or mist, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits.

Individual protection measures

Hygiene measures

Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Eye/face protection

: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles and/or face shield. If inhalation hazards exist, a full-face respirator may be required instead.

Skin protection

Hand protection

: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated. For prolonged or repeated handling, use Latex gloves.

Body protection

Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Other skin protection

Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Respiratory protection

: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

Environmental exposure controls

Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Form : liquid
Color : Light green
Odor : perfumed
Odor threshold : Not available.

pH : 13.2 [Conc. (% w/w): 1,000 g/l]

Melting point/freezing point : Not available.

Not available.

Initial boiling point and boiling

range

Flash point Non-flammable. **Evaporation rate** Not available. Flammability (solid, gas) Not available. Not available **Density Bulk density** Not available **Burning time** Not available. Not available. **Burning rate**

Upper/lower flammability or Lower: Not available. **Upper:** Not available. explosive limits

Not available. Vapor pressure Vapor density Not available. Relative density Not available. Solubility(ies) Not available. Solubility in water Not available. Partition coefficient: n-Not available.

octanol/water

Auto-ignition temperature Not available. Not available. **Decomposition temperature Dynamic:** 43 mPa.s Viscosity Kinematic: Not available.

Explosive properties Not available. **Oxidizing properties** Not available.

9.2 Other information

Not available **SADT**

Aerosol product

Type of aerosol Not available Heat of combustion Not available.

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product **10.1** Reactivity

or its ingredients.

10.2 Chemical stability The product is stable.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous

reactions

Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions

will not occur.

10.4 Conditions to avoid No specific data.

Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: **10.5** Incompatible materials

> acids metals

10.6 Hazardous decomposition

products

Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous

decomposition products should not be produced.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

	Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
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sodium hypochlorite, solution 95% Cl active							
	LD50 Oral	Rat	880 mg/kg	-			
	LC50 Inhalation	Rat	10.5 mg/l	96 h			
Sodium hydroxide							
	LD50 Oral	Rat	500 mg/kg	=			
Cocamine Oxide							
	LD50 Oral	Rat	846 mg/kg	-			

Conclusion/Summary

Very low toxicity to humans or animals.

Acute toxicity estimates

Route	ATE value
Oral	70500 milligram per kilogram

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
sodium hypochlorite,	Eyes - Mild	Rabbit			-
solution 95% Cl active	irritant				
	Eyes -	Rabbit			-
	Moderate				
	irritant				
Sodium hydroxide	Skin - Mild	Human		24 hrs	-
	irritant				
	Skin -	Rabbit		24 hrs	-
	Severe				
	irritant				
	Eyes - Mild	Rabbit			-
	irritant				
	Eyes -	Monkey		24 hrs	-
	Severe				
	irritant				
	Eyes -	Rabbit			=
	Severe				
	irritant				
	Eyes -	Rabbit		24 hrs	-
	Severe				
	irritant				
	Eyes -	Rabbit		24 hrs	=
	Severe				
	irritant				
	Eyes -	Rabbit		0.008 hrs	-
	Severe				
	irritant				
Cocamine Oxide	Skin - Mild	Guinea pig		840 hrs	-
	irritant				
	Skin -	Human		24 hrs	-
	Moderate				
	irritant				
	Skin - Mild	Rabbit			-
	irritant				
	Skin - Mild	Rabbit		840 hrs	-
	irritant				

Conclusion/Summary

Skin : Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

Eyes : Causes serious eye damage.

Respiratory : Non-irritating to the respiratory system.

Sensitization

Conclusion/Summary

Skin : Not sensitizing
Respiratory : Not sensitizing

Mutagenicity

Conclusion/Summary : Not applicable.

Carcinogenicity

Conclusion/Summary : No additional remark.

Reproductive toxicity

Conclusion/Summary : Not applicable.

Teratogenicity

Conclusion/Summary : Not applicable.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

Aspiration hazard

Not available.

Information on the likely routes

of exposure

Not available.

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact : Causes serious eye damage.

Inhalation : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Skin contact : Causes severe burns.

Ingestion : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain watering

redness

Inhalation : No specific data.

Skin contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation

redness

blistering may occur

Ingestion : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

stomach pains

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

Short term exposure

Potential immediate effects : Not available.

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Long term exposure

Potential immediate effects : Not available. **Potential delayed effects** : Not available.

Potential chronic health effects

Conclusion/Summary : Very low toxicity to humans or animals.

General: No known significant effects or critical hazards.Carcinogenicity: No known significant effects or critical hazards.Mutagenicity: No known significant effects or critical hazards.Teratogenicity: No known significant effects or critical hazards.Developmental effects: No known significant effects or critical hazards.Fertility effects: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
sodium hypochlorite, solution	95% Cl active		
	Acute LC50 32 µg/l	Aquatic invertebrates.	48 h
	Fresh water	Water flea	
	Acute LC50 55 µg/l	Aquatic invertebrates.	48 h
	Fresh water	Water flea	
	Acute EC50 1.57 mg/l	Aquatic invertebrates.	48 h
	Fresh water	Water flea	
	Acute EC50 0.04 mg/l	Aquatic invertebrates.	48 h
	Fresh water	Water flea	
	Acute EC50 0.17 mg/l	Aquatic invertebrates.	48 h
	Fresh water	Water flea	

Conclusion/Summary

Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Conclusion/Summary

The surfactants used in this mixture are readily biodegradable. The surfactant(s) contained in this preparation complies(comply) with the biodegradability criteria as laid down in Regulation (EC) No.648/2004 on detergents. Data to support this assertion are held at the disposal of the competent authorities of the Member States and will be made available to them, at their direct request or at the request of a detergent manufacturer.

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability		
sodium hypochlorite, solution 95% Cl active					
			Readily biodegradable		

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
sodium hypochlorite, solution	-3.42	-	low
95% Cl active			

12.4 Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient

(KOC)

Not available.

Mobility : Mixture is highly soluble

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

PBT : P: Not available.

B: Not available.T: Not available.

vPvB : vP: Not available.

vB: Not available.

12.6 Other adverse effects : The substances used in this mixture are neither a PBT- or a vPvB

substance

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product

Methods of disposal : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever

possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all outhorities with invisibilities.

with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction.

Hazardous waste : The classification of the product may meet the criteria for a

hazardous waste.

Packaging

Methods of disposal : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever

possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.

Special precautions: This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way.

Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

SECTION 14: Transport information

	ADR/RID	ADN	IMDG	IATA
14.1 UN number	UN3266	UN3266	UN3266	UN3266
14.2 UN proper shipping name 14.3 Transport	CORROSIVE LIQUID, BASIC, INORGANIC N.O.S.(Sodium hydroxide, Sodium hypochlorite)	CORROSIVE LIQUID, BASIC, INORGANIC N.O.S.(Sodium hydroxide, Sodium hypochlorite)	CORROSIVE LIQUID, BASIC, INORGANIC N.O.S.(Sodium hydroxide, Sodium hypochlorite)	CORROSIVE LIQUID, BASIC, INORGANIC N.O.S.(Sodium hydroxide, Sodium hypochlorite)
hazard class(es)	Class 8: Corrosive substances.			
14.4 Packing group	III	III	III	III
14.5. Environmental hazards	Yes.	Yes.	Yes.	Yes.
Additional information	Tunnel code: (E)		Emergency schedules (EmS): F- A, S-B	

14.6 Special precautions for user

Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.'

14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code

Not available.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

EU Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorization

Annex XIV: None of the components are listed.

Substances of very high concern: None of the components are listed.

Other EU regulations

Europe inventory : Not determined. **Industrial emissions (integrated** : Not listed

pollution prevention

and control) - Air

Industrial emissions (integrated

pollution prevention and control) - Water

Not listed

Aerosol dispensers : Not applicable.

Seveso III Directive

Named substances

Name		

sodium hypochlorite, solution 95% Cl active

Danger criteria

Category

Mixtures of sodium hypochlorite classified as Aquatic Acute Category 1 (H400) containing less than 5% active chlorine

National regulations

Remark No additional remark.

International regulations

Chemical Weapons Convention

List Schedule I Chemicals

Chemical Weapons Convention

List Schedule II Chemicals

Chemical Weapons Convention

List Schedule III Chemicals

Not listed

Not listed

Not listed

15.2 Chemical Safety Assessment

This product contains substances for which Chemical Safety Assessments are still required.

SECTION 16: Other information

ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate Abbreviations and acronyms

AISE = Association Internationale de la Savonnerie, de la

Détergence et des Produits d'Entretien, International Association

for Soaps, Detergents and Maintenance Products'

CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation

[Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008] DNEL = Derived No Effect Level DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level

EUH statement = CLP-specific Hazard statement PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration RRN = REACH Registration Number

vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

Key literature references and

sources for data

Evaluation method used for mixture classification: Calculation

method.

Procedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Classification	Justification
Met. Corr. 1, H290	On basis of test data
Skin Corr./Irrit. 1, H314	On basis of test data
Eye Dam./Irrit. 1, H318	On basis of test data
Aquatic Acute 1, H400	Calculation method
Aquatic Chronic 2, H411	Calculation method

Full text of abbreviated H statements

H290 May be corrosive to metals.

H302 Harmful if swallowed.

H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

H315 Causes skin irritation. H318 Causes serious eve damage.

H400 Very toxic to aquatic life.

Date of issue/Date of revision: 11.02.2020 Version: 1.0 Date of previous issue: 00.00.0000 H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Full text of classifications [CLP/GHS]

Met. Corr. 1, H290: CORROSIVE TO METALS - Category 1 **Acute Tox. 4, H302:** ACUTE TOXICITY: oral - Category 4

Skin Corr./Irrit. 1, H314: SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1 Skin Corr./Irrit. 1A, H314: SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1A Skin Corr./Irrit. 1B, H314: SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1B Skin Corr./Irrit. 2, H315: SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2 Eye Dam./Irrit. 1, H318: SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 1

Aquatic Acute 1, H400: AQUATIC HAZARD (ACUTE) - Category 1 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410: AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 1 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411: AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 2

Date of printing: 11.02.2020Date of issue/ Date of revision: 11.02.2020Date of previous issue: 00.00.0000Reason: Not applicable

Version : 1.0

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