## **SAFETY DATA SHEET**

# PREMIUM HEALTH GARD AEROSOL DEODORIZER

Infosafe No.: LQ54L ISSUED Date: 08/11/2016 ISSUED by: HOSPECO PTY LTD

#### 1. IDENTIFICATION

#### **GHS Product Identifier**

PREMIUM HEALTH GARD AEROSOL DEODORIZER

## **Company Name**

**HOSPECO PTY LTD** 

#### **Address**

17 Elizabeth Street Wetherill Park NSW 2164 AUSTRALIA

## Telephone/Fax Number

Tel: +61 2 9756 0055 Fax: +61 2 9756 0095

#### **Emergency phone number**

1800 638 556

### Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Air Deodorizer

#### 2. HAZARD IDENTIFICATION

## GHS classification of the substance/mixture

Classified as Hazardous according to the Globally Harmonised System of Classification and labelling of Chemicals (GHS) including Work, Health and Safety regulations, Australia

Classified as Dangerous Goods according to the Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road and Rail. (7th edition)

Flammable Aerosol: Category 1

## Signal Word (s)

DANGER

#### Hazard Statement (s)

H222 Extremely flammable aerosol.

## Pictogram (s)

Flame



#### Precautionary statement - Prevention

P210 Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking.

P211 Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source.

P251 Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use.

#### Precautionary statement - Storage

P410+P412 Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C/122°F.

## 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

## Information on Composition

The product contains less than 0.1 % w/w 1,3-butadiene.

#### **Ingredients**

Name	CAS	Proportion
PETROLEUM GASES, LIQUEFIED	68476-85-7	0-<45 %
Ethanol	64-17-5	0-<30 %
Distillates, petroleum, hydrotreated light	64742-47-8	0-<30 %
Ingredients determined not to be hazardous		Balance

#### 4. FIRST-AID MEASURES

#### Inhalation

If inhaled, remove affected person from contaminated area. Keep at rest until recovered. If symptoms develop and/or persist seek medical attention.

#### Ingestion

Unlikely due to form of product. However, if ingested, do not induce vomiting. Wash out mouth thoroughly with water. If symptoms develop seek medical attention.

## Skin

Wash affected area thoroughly with soap and water. If symptoms develop seek medical attention.

#### Eye contact

If in eyes, hold eyelids apart and flush the eyes continuously with running water. Remove contact lenses. Continue flushing for several minutes until all contaminants are washed out completely. If symptoms develop, seek medical attention.

## **First Aid Facilities**

Eyewash and normal washroom facilities.

#### **Advice to Doctor**

Treat symptomatically.

#### **Other Information**

For advice in an emergency, contact a Poisons Information Centre (Phone Australia 131 126) or a doctor at once.

## 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

#### **Suitable Extinguishing Media**

Use foam, dry chemical or carbon dioxide.

## **Unsuitable Extinguishing Media**

Do not use water.

## **Hazards from Combustion Products**

Under fire conditions this product may emit toxic and/or irritating fumes, smoke and gases including carbon monoxide and carbon dioxide.

#### **Specific Hazards Arising From The Chemical**

Contents under pressure - cans can explode in a fire. This product is extremely flammable. Keep containers and fire-exposed surfaces cool with water spray. Shut off any leak if safe to do so and remove sources of re-ignition. Vapour/air mixtures may ignite explosively. Flashback along the vapour trail may occur. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard.

## **Hazchem Code**

2YE

#### **Decomposition Temperature**

Not available

#### **Precautions in connection with Fire**

Fire fighters should wear full protective clothing and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) operated in positive pressure mode. In case of fire the product may be violently or explosively reactive. Use water spray to disperse vapours. This product should be prevented from entering drains and watercourses.

#### 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

#### **Emergency Procedures**

Extinguish or remove all sources of ignition and stop leak if safe to do so. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment and clothing to prevent exposure. Evacuate all unprotected personnel. Water spray or fog may be used to disperse/absorb vapour if any. Place inert, Non combustible absorbent material onto spillage. If safe, damaged cans should be placed in a container outdoors, away from ignition sources, until pressure has dissipated. Undamaged cans should be gathered and stowed safely. Collect residues and seal in labelled drums for disposal. If contamination of sewers or waterways occurs inform the local water and waste management authorities in accordance with local regulations. Dispose of waste according to applicable local and national regulations.

#### 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

#### **Precautions for Safe Handling**

EXTREMELY FLAMMABLE. VAPOUR OR GAS REDUCES OXYGEN FOR BREATHING. IN CONFINED SPACES MAY CAUSE ASPHYXIATION. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment and clothing to prevent exposure. Handle and use the material in a well-ventilated area, away from sparks, flames and other ignition sources. DO NOT store or use in confined spaces. Have emergency equipment (for fires, spills, leaks, etc.) readily available. Build up of mists or vapours in the atmosphere must be prevented. Do NOT cut or heat containers as they may contain hazardous residues. Do not smoke. Flameproof equipment is necessary in areas where the product is being used. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Earth or bond all equipment. Do not empty into drains. Ensure a high level of personal hygiene is maintained when using this product, that is, always wash hands before eating, drinking, smoking or using the toilet facilities.

#### Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in a cool, dry, well ventilated area away from sources of ignition, oxidising agents, foodstuffs, clothing and out of direct sunlight. Do not expose can to temperatures exceeding 50°C. Protect containers against physical damage. Inspect regularly for deficiencies such as damage or leaks. Have appropriate fire extinguishers available in and near the storage area. Do NOT pressurise, cut or heat aerosol containers. Content is under pressure and can explode violently. Ensure that storage conditions comply with applicable local and national regulations. For information on the design of the storeroom, reference should be made to Australian Standard AS 2278.1—2008 Non-refillable metal aerosol dispensers of capacity 50 mL to 1000 mL inclusive.

#### **Storage Temperatures**

<=50°C

## 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

## Occupational exposure limit values

No exposure standards have been established for this material. However, the available exposure limits for ingredients are listed below:

Ethanol

TWA: 1000 ppm, 1880 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

Liquified Petroleum gas TWA: 1000 ppm, 1800 mg/m³

Oil mist, refined mineral

TWA: 5 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

TWA (Time Weighted Average): The average airborne concentration of a particular substance when calculated over a normal eighthour working day, for a five-day week.

#### **Biological Limit Values**

No biological limits allocated.

#### Other Exposure Information

Liquified Petroleum gas is an asphyxiant gas which when present in an atmosphere in high concentration, leads to reduction of oxygen concentration by displacement or dilution. It is not appropriate to recommend an exposure standard for each simple asphyxiant, rather it should be required that a sufficient oxygen concentration be maintained.

## **Appropriate Engineering Controls**

This substance is hazardous and should be used with a local exhaust ventilation system, drawing vapours away from workers' breathing zone. A flame-proof exhaust ventilation system is required. If the engineering controls are not sufficient to maintain concentrations of vapours/mists below the exposure standards, suitable respiratory protection must be worn. Refer to relevant regulations for further information concerning ventilation requirements.

Refer to AS 2865 Australian Standard Safe working in a confined space, for further information concerning ventilation requirements.

## **Respiratory Protection**

If engineering controls are not effective in controlling airborne exposure then an approved respirator with a replaceable organic vapour/mist filter should be used. Reference should be made to Australian/New Zealand Standards AS/NZS 1715, Selection, Use and Maintenance of Respiratory Protective Devices; and AS/NZS 1716, Respiratory Protective Devices, in order to make any necessary changes for individual circumstances.

#### **Eye Protection**

Safety glasses with side shields, chemical goggles or full-face shield as appropriate should be used. Final choice of appropriate eye/face protection will vary according to individual circumstances. Eye protection devices should conform to relevant regulations. Eye protection devices should conform with Australian/New Zealand Standard AS/NZS 1337 - Eye Protectors for Industrial Applications.

#### **Hand Protection**

Wear gloves of impervious material such as rubber. Final choice of appropriate gloves will vary according to individual circumstances i.e. methods of handling or according to risk assessments undertaken. Reference should be made to AS/NZS 2161.1: Occupational protective gloves - Selection, use and maintenance.

#### **Body Protection**

Suitable protective work wear, e.g. cotton overalls buttoned at neck and wrist is recommended. Chemical resistant apron is recommended where large quantities are handled.

#### 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

#### **Form**

Aerosol

## **Appearance**

Aerosol

#### Odour

Not available

## **Decomposition Temperature**

Not available

#### **Melting Point**

Not available

## **Boiling Point**

-42°C - 254.4°C

## **Solubility in Water**

Miscible

## **Specific Gravity**

0.6746

## рΗ

Not available

#### **Vapour Pressure**

Not available

## Vapour Density (Air=1)

Heavier than air

### **Evaporation Rate**

Not available

#### **Odour Threshold**

Not available

#### Viscosity

Not available

## Partition Coefficient: n-octanol/water

Not available

#### Density

Not available

#### **Flash Point**

Not available

#### **Flammability**

Extremely flammable aerosol

#### **Auto-Ignition Temperature**

Not available

#### Flammable Limits - Lower

Not available

#### Flammable Limits - Upper

Not available

#### 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

#### Reactivity

Not available

#### **Chemical Stability**

Stable under normal conditions of storage and handling.

## **Conditions to Avoid**

Heat, direct sunlight, flames and other sources of ignition.

## **Incompatible materials**

Strong oxidising agents.

#### **Hazardous Decomposition Products**

Thermal decomposition may result in the release of toxic and/or irritating fumes, smoke and gases including: carbon dioxide and carbon monoxide.

## Possibility of hazardous reactions

Not available

## **Hazardous Polymerization**

Will not occur.

#### 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

## **Toxicology Information**

No toxicity data available for this material.

#### Ingestion

Unlikely due to form of product. If ingestion occurs, may cause irritation to the gastrointestinal system. Symptoms may include nausea, vomiting, diarrhoea and abdominal pain.

## Inhalation

Inhalation of product vapours may cause irritation of the nose, throat and respiratory system.

Liquified Petroleum gas is an asphyxiant gas which when present in an atmosphere in high concentration, leads to reduction of oxygen concentration by displacement or dilution. Symptoms include decreased visual acuity, decreased coordination and judgment, headache, dizziness, confusion, drowsiness, fatigue, shortness of breath, muscular weakness, convulsions,

unconsciousness, coma and eventually death.

#### Skin

May be irritating to skin. The symptoms may include redness and itching.

#### Eye

May be irritating to eyes. The symptoms may include redness, itching and tearing.

#### **Respiratory sensitisation**

Not expected to be a respiratory sensitiser.

#### Skin Sensitisation

Not expected to be a skin sensitiser.

#### Germ cell mutagenicity

Not considered to be a mutagenic hazard.

#### Carcinogenicity

Not considered to be a carcinogenic hazard.

Mineral oils, untreated or mildly treated is listed as a Group 1: Carcinogenic to humans according to International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC).

Mineral oils, highly-refined is listed as Group 3: Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans according to International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC).

#### **Reproductive Toxicity**

Not considered to be toxic to reproduction.

#### **STOT-single exposure**

Not expected to cause toxicity to a specific target organ.

#### STOT-repeated exposure

Not expected to cause toxicity to a specific target organ.

#### **Aspiration Hazard**

Not expected to be an aspiration hazard.

## 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

#### **Ecotoxicity**

No ecological data available for this material.

## Persistence and degradability

Not available

#### Mobility

Not available

## **Bioaccumulative Potential**

Not available

## **Other Adverse Effects**

Not available

## **Environmental Protection**

Do not discharge this material into waterways, drains and sewers.

## 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

## **Disposal considerations**

Dispose of waste according to applicable local and national regulations. Do not pierce, burn, cut, puncture or weld on or near containers. Empty containers may contain hazardous residues. Empty the container completely before disposal. Contaminated containers must not be treated as household waste. Advise flammable nature.

## 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

#### **Transport Information**

Road and Rail Transport (ADG Code):

This material is classified as Dangerous Goods Division 2.1 - Flammable Gases according to the Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road or Rail. (7th edition)

Division 2.1 Dangerous Goods are incompatible in a placard load with any of the following:

- Class 1, Explosives
- Division 2.2 Non-flammable, Non toxic gases that have a subsidiary risk 5.1 except when all are packed in cylinders or pressure drums not exceeding 500L capacity.
- Class 3, Flammable Liquids, if both the Division 2.1 and Class 3 dangerous goods are in tanks or other receptacles with a capacity individually exceeding 500L.
- Division 4.1, Flammable Solids
- Division 4.2, Spontaneously Combustible Substances
- Division 4.3, Dangerous When Wet Substances
- Division 5.1, Oxidising substances
- Division 5.2, Organic Peroxides
- Class 7, Radioactive Substances

#### Marine Transport (IMO/IMDG):

Classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG Code) for transport by sea.

Proper Shipping Name: AEROSOLS

UN-No: 1950 Division: 2.1 EmS: F-D.S-U

Special Provisions: 63, 190, 277, 327, 344, 959

#### Air Transport (ICAO/IATA):

Classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the International Air Transport Association (IATA) Dangerous Goods Regulations for transport by air.

Proper Shipping Name: AEROSOLS, FLAMMABLE

UN-No: 1950 Division: 2.1

Label: Flammable gas

Packaging Instructions (cargo only): 203

Packaging Instructions (passenger & cargo): 203

Special Provisions: A145, A167, A802

#### **U.N. Number**

1950

## **UN proper shipping name**

**AEROSOLS** 

## Transport hazard class(es)

2.1

## **Hazchem Code**

**IERG Number** 

2YE

#### 49

IMDG Marine pollutant No

## Transport in Bulk

Not available

## **Special Precautions for User**

Not available

#### 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

#### **Regulatory information**

Classified as Hazardous according to the Globally Harmonised System of Classification and labelling of Chemicals (GHS) including Work, Health and Safety regulations, Australia.

Not classified as a Scheduled Poison according to the Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons (SUSMP).

#### **Poisons Schedule**

Not Scheduled

## **16. OTHER INFORMATION**

#### Date of preparation or last revision of SDS

SDS reviewed: November 2016 SDS superseded: December 2015

#### References

Preparation of Safety Data Sheets for Hazardous Chemicals Code of Practice.

Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons.

Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road & Rail.

Model Work Health and Safety Regulations, Schedule 10: Prohibited carcinogens, restricted carcinogens and restricted hazardous chemicals.

Workplace exposure standards for airborne contaminants.

Adopted biological exposure determinants, American Conference of Industrial Hygienists (ACGIH).

Globally Harmonised System of classification and labelling of chemicals.

## **END OF SDS**

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